String Project BEGINNING GROUP CURRICULUM



"Our priorities are beauty and expressiveness. And students must come to believe that a melody isn't learned until it is played beautifully and expressively."

Robert Duke
Professor of Music and Human Learning
University of Texas, Austin

Developed by Dr. Dijana Ihas dihas@pacificu.edu

Course One Beginning Group

Playing by Ear Only

Time frame: First semester of instruction in the group setting

String pedagogy approaches utilized at this stage: Shinichi Suzuki and Paul Rolland

Method book for teacher (optional for students): Suzuki, S. Book 1

Materials that students need to have: three ring binder with protective sheets for handouts received in the class, simulated instruments/bows, real instruments/bows, **feet charts** & **practicing CD**

Markings on the bow: Color scotch tape placed in middle (red tape), quarter (blue tape) and eight (yellow tape) parts of the bow stick

Markings on the instrument: Small dot stickers for fingers, *butterfly* stickers for thumb, *bee* sticker for the base of index finger, middle position sticker, high position sticker

Markings on the bow hand: Two Middle Lines and Corner Dot Markings on the instrument hand: Magic Dot and Magic X

Classroom setting: violin/viola students are in standing rest/playing positions on feet charts; cellos are in sitting rest/playing position on the chairs of appropriate height

<u>Pre-Twinkle Phase</u> (first five-six weeks of the semester):

Stance:

- Posture
- Leas position:
 - o Shinichi Suzuki's approach to leg position: weight over the left leg
- Pelvic area:
 - Slightly under the torso (image of the "bucket with water" or "dinosaur tail")
- Torso:
 - Tall and straight (image of the "invisible string")
- Sitting rest position for cellos

Taking the bow

- 1. Rest position feet in line that's just mighty that's just fine (just that line of the song in singing voice; later the whole song)
- 2. One down look at your toes, two up look at the teacher's nose (talking voice)

Going from rest position to playing position:

- Butterfly position
- Step back with your right foot
- Check you balance and locked knees
 - Sing Twinkle Song with "quite" or "not moving" body

Hands/fingers awareness exercises:

- Bow hand and instrument hand:
 - Where's your Bow Hand?
 - Bow hand fingers:
 - Mr. Bent Thumb
 - Hugging Brothers
 - Soft Guiding Pointer
 - Curled Pinkie (violin and violas) Wrapped Around Pinkie (cellos and French bow-hold double basses)
 - · Instrument hand fingers:
 - Banana Thumb
 - Square first finger
 - · Cupcake second finger
 - Cupcake third finger
 - Open umbrella fourth finger

Setting up left hand (no instruments):

- Strengthening Left Hand Fingers:
 - o Fingers Popping Never Stopping
 - Shoo Fly Don't Bother Me
- Tapping Exercises (on bow-hand forearm):
 - o With all four fingers
 - Each finger individually
 - o Thumb taps and slides
- Preparation for Left Hand Pizzicato Exercises:
 - Ants (with rubber band)
 - Hot Cross Buns (with rubber band)
- o Preparation for Shifting Exercises:
 - See Saw Up and Down (shifting in the air)
 - Low Position-Middle Position-High Position (moving arm through the air)
- o Preparation for Vibrato:
 - Fingers Dropping Never Stopping (for finger vibrato); Dinner Foods rhythm (for hand vibrato) & See Saw Up and Down (for arm vibrato)

Setting up the bow hand (first with dowel-stick bow; later with the real bow):

- Bow Hold (Franco-Belgium bow hold: bow is held with the thumb and two middle fingers):
 - Bow Hand Shape Chant: Bunny Chant (no dowel stick or bow in hand)
 - Early bow hold:
 - Suzuki's approach (thumb on silver rim)

• Bow Hold in Ten Steps:

1. Bow in instrument hand; 2. Open bow-hand palm to the ceiling; 3. Tip of the bow to the tip of the pinkie; 4. Slide the bow across the *Two Middle Lines* until little part of the stick in the frog area reaches *Two Middle Lines*; 5. Bring *Bent Thumb* to the silver rim of the frog: "half on the silver and half on the hair"; 6. Hug the bow with *Hugging Brothers*; 7. Bow to the *Station* (open instrument's hand palm) in *Rocket Position*; 8. Wrap *Soft Guiding Pointer* around the bow stick; 9. Bow in horizontal position (hold it in the middle with your instrument hand) and place *Curled Pinkie* at the top of the bow stick; 10. Check that two middle fingers and bent thumb are right across each other and *tap*, *tap*, *tap* with your *Curled Pinkie* (cellos/double bass wrap pinkie around)

Bow Hold in Five Steps:

1. Instrument hand holds the bow in middle of the stick; 2. Place two Middle Lines on the lower part of the bow grip; 3. Bring Bent Thumb right across two Middle Lines; 4. Wrap Soft Guiding Pointer around the bow stick; 5. Place Curled Pinkie at the top of the bow stick and tap, tap, tap. Bow to Rocket Position and do bow exercises (cellos/double bass wrap pinkie around)

Bow Exercises:

- Up Like a Rocket (chant)
- o The Wheels on the Bus (song)
- o Circle, Circle, Carefully we Circle (song).

Silent Bow Exercises (first with dowel-stick while "air bowing"; later with instruments and bows but no sound):

- Silent bow placement (in three points of the bow: middle, tip, frog)
- Silent bow movement (middle to tip and other way around & frog to middle and other way around)

Open the Gate (moving the bow on the string: from "red" tape to "upper blue" tape):

- Pre-exercises: 1. Student holds elbow and opens and closes the right forearm while saying the chant; 2. Same exercise with dowel-stick or bow while "air bowing"
- Steps for setting the bow on the string on "red" tape: 1. Bow in front of student in *Rocket Position*; 2. TIK-TOK (angle bow towards the instrument); 3. Land to your highest string on "red" tape; 4. Roll to D string (or A string)
- Open the gate in the morning children are coming to play
 Close the gate in the morning children want to stay
 Open the gate in the evening children want to go
 Close the gate in the evening –that's how you move your bow!

Twinkle Var. A rhythm (TA KA TA KA STOP STOP):

- Pre-exercises:
 - o In the air (shadow bowing)
 - On the *imaginary violin* or on the left shoulder with the *caveman* bow hold
- When this can be executed with an ease transfer it on D string with slow stops (two beats of rest in between rhythm patterns; Ta Ka Stop Stop Husha Husha chant) and fast stops (one beat of rest in between rhythm patterns)
- On A string with slow stops and fast stops

Twinkle Song Fingering Preparations:

- o *Monkey Song* (first on left forearm; then on hanger; then on fingerboard with no bow; finally on the string and with the bow)
- Flower Song (first on left forearm; then on hanger; then on fingerboard with no bow; finally on the string and with the bow)

Left Hand Exercises (with instruments, but no bow):

- o Taping exercises:
 - With all four fingers then with each finger individually
 - Left hand thumb tapping & sliding exercises
- Strumming exercises:
 - o In all three positions
- Left hand pizzicato:
 - o Ants
 - Hot Cross Buns
- Shifting exercises sequence:
 - o Shuttle
 - Low-Middle-High Position
 - o High String-Low String
 - o Grasshopper Gus
- Vibrato exercises sequence (still away from the instrument):
 - Fingers Dropping Never Stopping (for finger vibrato); Dinner Foods rhythms (for hand vibrato) & See Saw Up and Down (for arm vibrato)

Suggested First Performance Program (after five weeks just for parents and other students in the program; at this point students are already working on Twinkle steps):

- Rest Position Feet in Line (students are singing)
- Now I Hold my Violin/Viola (cellos simply do their steps)
- Ants
- Grasshopper Gus
- Bow exercises: Rocket, Circle, Circle or Wheels on the Bus
- Concerto on D string and A string (with slow stops)
- Monkey and Flower Song

Twinkle Phase (about next six weeks of the semester)

Keep working on all skills and techniques as assigned.

Explanation for practicing Ten Twinkle Steps

Ten Twinkle Steps should be practiced in three ways (each step for one week):

- a) With Slow Stops (two beats of rests in between notes; words we are using are D Play TA KA TA KA STOP STOP A Play etc.)
- b) With Fast Stops (one beat of rests in between notes: words we are using are D TA KA TA KA STOP STOP A TA KA TA KA STOP STOP, etc.)
- c) No Stops

Ten Twinkle Steps (repeat each step four times, assign to student 2-3 steps per class):

- 1. D TA KA TA KA STOP STOP
- 2. A TA KA TA KA STOP STOP
- 3. D to A TA KA TA KA STOP STOP
- 4. A 1 A TA KA TA KA STOP STOP
- 5. **3 2 1 D** (violins and violas) **4 3 1 D** (cellos)
- 6. **A 3 2 1** (violins and violas) **4 3 1 D** (cellos)
- 7. D Major Scale TA KA TA KA STOP STOP
- 8. Twinkle Part A
- 9. Twinkle Part B
- 10. Twinkle the whole song

(When at step # 7 introduce the rhythm of Variation C with the words *Stop Tinny Stop Tinny*. When at step # 7 with the rhythm of Variation C introduce the bowing of the Twinkle Theme).

Bowing of the Twinkle Theme:

- To be practiced on open D string in the upper middle quarter of the bow for violins and violas, and lower to upper middle quarter for cellos)
- Quick (Q) Q Q Q Q Q Slow Q Q Q Q Q SlowQ Q Q Q Q Slow

QQQQQSlow

QQQQSlowQQQQQSlow

New Left Hand Skill:

• Harmonics (Persian Song)

New Right Hand Skill:

• Right hand *pizzicato* (*Jig*)

Suggested Second Performance Program (Winter Concert)

- Rest Position Feet in Line (students are singing)
- Twinkle Variations A, C (with stops or without stops) and the Theme
- · Persian Song
- Jig

Educational Objectives and Assessment Suggestions

Skill (Behavioral) Objectives: At the end of this course the string student will be able to:

- a) Perform proper *rest position,* take a proper *bow*, and reset their feet in proper *playing position* (upper strings in standing stanza)
- b) Position and hold their instruments in the correct way
- c) Hold their bows in the correct way (thumb on the silver rim)
- d) Perform bow exercises
- e) Perform left hand exercises
- f) Play Twinkle rhythm variations A, C, D and Twinkle Theme on open strings and D major scale
- g) Play Twinkle variations A, C, D and Twinkle Theme in D major **Assessment:** Playing Skills Check-Off Chart (at the end of first phase informal (the entire section plays at the same time), at the end of second phase more formal (in duets)

Cognitive Objectives: At the end of this course the string student will know and be able to verbally explain:

- a) Name parts of the instrument and the bow
- b) Take care of the instrument
- c) Explain correct instrument hold
- d) Explain correct bow hold
- e) Recognize Twinkle rhythmic variations

Assessment: Picture of the instrument (to fill out the parts), students teaching each other instrument and bow hold

Affective Objectives: At the end of this course the string student will develop the following attitudes:

- a) Respect for themselves, other students, the teacher, and their instrument
- b) Habit of regular practicing
- c) Excitement about music as an art form
- d) Excitement about learning in group situation

Assessment: Practicing Logs, *Likert Scale* (e.g., "What do you like the best about your instrument?")

CELEBRATE AND REFLECT!!!